WAC 173-900-620 How direct processors know if their registration is approved.

Step 1: Ecology review of direct processor registration forms.

- (1) After receiving a registration form, ecology will review the form to determine if the form is complete and accurate.
- (2) If the form is not complete and accurate, ecology will contact the direct processor to:
- (a) Tell the direct processor what information is missing or inaccurate; and
 - (b) Request a revised form.
- (3) The direct processor must submit the revised form within thirty days from the day ecology contacted the direct processor.

Step 2: Approval or denial of direct processor registration.

- (4) Approval.
- (a) Approval means that ecology has determined the form is complete and accurate.
- (b) If ecology approves the direct processor's registration, ecology will:
- (i) Place the direct processor's name on the "direct processor registration list"; and
 - (ii) Place the direct processor in "in compliance" status.
 - (c) The direct processor may process CEPs for a plan.
 - (5) **Denial**.
- (a) Denial means that ecology has determined the form is not complete and accurate and the direct processor did not revise information as requested.
- (b) If ecology denies a direct processor's registration, ecology will notify the direct processor of the denial and either:
- (i) Remove the direct processor's name from the "direct processor registration list"; or
- (ii) For renewals and updates, change the direct processor's status to "in violation" on the "direct processor registration list."
- (iii) For initial direct processor registration, if ecology denies a registration, the direct processor may resubmit an initial registration form.

[Statutory Authority: Chapters 70.95N, 70.105, and 70.105D RCW. WSR 07-21-013 (Order 07-05), § 173-900-620, filed 10/5/07, effective 11/5/07. Statutory Authority: Chapter 70.95N RCW. WSR 06-23-040 (Order 06-07), § 173-900-620, filed 11/7/06, effective 12/8/06.]